CHRISTIAN ASTROLOGY

MODESTLY TREATED OF IN THREE BOOKS.

THE FIRST CONTAINING THE USE OF AN EPHEMERIS,

the erecting of a scheam of Heaven; nature of the twelve Signs of the Zodiack, of the Planets; with a most easie Introduction to the whole Art of Astrology.

THE SECOND, BY A MOST METHODICAL WAY INSTRUCTETH

the Student how to Judge or Resolve all manner of Questions contingent unto Man, viz. of Health, Sickness, Riches, Marriage, Preferment, Journies, &c.

Severall Questions inferred and Judged.

THE THIRD, CONTAINS AN EXACT METHOD, WHEREBY TO

Judge upon Nativities; severall ways how to rectifie them; How to judge the generall fate of the Native by the twelve Houses of Heaven, according to the naturall influence of the STARS: How his particular and Annuall Accidents, by the Art of Direction, and its exact measure of Time by Profections, Revolutions, Transits.

A Nativity judged by the Method preceding.

The Second Edition Corrected, and Amended.

By WILLIAM LILLY Student of Astrology.

Omne meum nil meum. Nihil dictium, quod non dictium prius.

LONDON

Teaching

How to judge upon

NATIVITIES

The rectification of a **NATIVITIE**,

Trutine of Hermes, Animodar, or by Accidents.

A briefe way of Judgement, declaring those

Generall Accidents which in a naturall course

Depend upon the signification of the

12 Houses of Heaven.

The effects of Directions, Revolutions, Profections, and Transits; the exact Measure of Time in **DIRECTIONS**.

By WILLIAM LILLY Student in Astrology

Ars longa, vita brevis.

London, Printed by Tho. Brundell, for John Partridge and Humphrey

Blunden. 1647.

A Table converting Hours and Minutes of time into Degrees and Minutes of the Equator.

	Degrees of the Equator		Deg. &.	min. of the Equator		Deg. &.	min. of the Equator
Hours	Degrees	Min. of Hours	deg.	min.	Min. of Hours	deg.	Min.
1	15	1	0	15	31	7	45
2	30	2	0	30	32	8	0
3	45	3	0	45	33	8	15
4	60	4	1	0	34	8	30
5	75	5	1	15	35	8	45
6	90	6	1	30	36	9	0
7	105	7	1	45	37	9	15
8	120	8	2	0	38	9	30
9	135	9	2	15	39	9	45
10	150	10	2	30	40	10	0
11	165	11	2	45	41	10	15
12	180	12	3	0	42	10	30
13	195	13	3	15	43	10	45
14	210	14	3	30	44	11	0
15	225	15	3	45	45	11	15
16	240	16	4	0	46	11	30
17	255	17	4	15	47	11	45
18	270	18	4	30	48	12	0
19	285	19	4	45	49	12	15
20	300	20	5	0	50	12	30
21	315	21	5	15	51	12	45
22	330	22	5	30	52	13	0
23	345	23	5	45	53	13	15
24	360	24	6	0	54	13	30
		25	6	15	55	13	45
		26	6	30	56	14	0
		27	6	45	57	14	15
		28	7	0	58	14	30
		29	7	15	59	14	45
		30	7	30	60	15	0

Use of the Table.

In erecting a Figure by the Tables of *Regiomontanus*, this Table will be of good use: you must understand that one hour makes fifteen degrees in the *Equator*, two hours thirty degrees, &c. and that one minute of an hour makes fifteen minutes in the *Equator*, two minutes thirty minutes of the *Equator*.

The use you are to make of it is thus; in erecting your Figure, you must convert the hours before and after noon into degrees and minutes of the *Equator*, and this is called vulgarly *The right ascension of time*: these degrees and minutes you must adde to the degrees and minutes of the Right ascension belonging to the \odot , and then see what degree of the Ecliptick answers unto them in the Table of Right Ascensions, & that is the cusp of your tenth house: I would know the cusp of my 10th house by this manner of operation, for a Figure erected at 3:25 P.M. Saturday the 12. of *June* 1647. the place of the \odot at that time is 0:51. \odot , but I will take one whole degree; look in the Table of Right ascensions under \odot , and over against the first degree thereof, which you find in the first column and under \odot , 91. degr. and 5. min. to be the right ascension of the \odot when he is in the first degree of \odot .

In the Table above, you may see three hours give me 45. degr. of the "Equator", under the title of "minutes of hours", I enter with 25. over against it I find 6 degr. 15. min. of the "Equator".

If you would look what degrees of the Ecliptick answers 142. 20. which you must do in the Table of Right ascensions, you shall find the 20. of Ω , and that is the cusp of the 10th house.

If I add unto 142.20. which is the right ascension of the Mid-heaven, 90 degr. (142.20+90) there ariseth 230.20. with which if you enter into the Table of Oblique ascensions following, belonging to 53. degr. of latitude, it will point you out the

degree of the ascendant, for that Elevation; you cannot find 230.20. your precise number, but against the 5. of Scorpio I find 230.52. very neer it; which being more then my number, I must take a proportionall part from the next lesser Ark: But of this hereafter. So that my ascendant will be four degrees and more, not fully 5. I have purposely inserted these four Tables following, to instruct the Learner how he may erect a Figure of Heaven by Regiomontanus, which he ought punctually to doe upon a Nativity; but in ordinary Questions it's more scrupulous, then need is: what I have done now, is onely to initiate Tyroes that they may apprehend a little: I shall performe the following example exactly to minutes; if you will make use of the table, then multiply the hours given you by 15. and divide the minutes of your hour by 4. and this way also converts the vulgar hours into degrees of the "Equator"; either are speedily performed. However, you see the cusp of the 10th house is gained onely by taking the Right ascension of the time, and adding it to the Right ascension of the Sun; if more than 360. remaine, cast away 360. and enter with the remaining number the Tables of Right ascension, and what degrees of the Ecliptick answer thereunto, those shall be the cusp of the 10th house.



	A Table of Right Ascentions.													
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7		186	25	214	39	245	9	² 77	38	30 <i>9</i>	25	338	45
8		187		215	37	246	13	278		310	26	339	41
9		188	15	216	36	<u>247</u>		279	48	311	27	340	37
10	1	189	11	217	35	248		280		312	27	34 1	33
11	_	190	6	218	34	249		28 1	<u>58</u>	313	28	342	29
12		191	I	219	33	250	29	283	3	314	29	343	25
13		191	57	220	32	25 I	33		8	315	29	344	21
14		192	52	22I	31	252	38	285	13	316	29	34 5	17
15		193	48	222	31	253	43	286	17	317	2 9	346	12
16		194	43	223	3 I	254	47	287	22	318	29	347	8
17		195	39	224	31	255	52		27	319	28	348	3
τ8		196	35	225	31	256	57	289	31	320	27	348	59
19		197	31	225	32	258	2	290	35	321	26	349	54
20		198	27	227	33	259		291	39	322	25	350	50
21	ļ	199	23	228	33	260	12	292	4.3	323	2.4	351	45
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27	- 1	205	_ 3	234	4.2		44	299	3	329	14	357	15
28		206	0	235	44	267	49	300	6	330	11	358	10
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	A Table of Oblique Ascentions													
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20		13		35		62		95		132	7	168	8	
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	for the Latitude of 34. degrees.												
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7 8		189	29	225		261	47	295 296	34	323 324	16	345 346	31
10		191		227	53	264 265		297 298	37	3 ² 4 3 ² 5	57 45	346	53 33
11		194 195	14		18 31	266 267	32 43	299 300	39	326 327	33		13 53
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26 27 28		12 12	18 49	2 <i>9</i> 30	53 3 <u>5</u>	55 56	43 46	91 93	48 8	133 134	1 24	174 175	31 53	
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